



Your name: _____ 1 pt

3.1. Composition Calculations (23 pts)

1. Which compounds listed below are empiric formulas (circle all that apply) 4 pts

- a) C_2H_3 b) $H_2C_4F_6$ c) N_2O_4 d) PH_3 e) $H_2S_2O_3$ f) $P_3F_6O_2$

2. A compound contains 1 gram of Na, 0.696grams of S and 1.391 grams of O. What is the compound's **empiric** formula? (5 pts)

Element	Mass(g)	Atomic weight (g/mol)	n (mol)	n/n_{min}
Na	1.0	23	0.043	2
S	0.696	32	0.0218	1
O	1.391	16	0.087	4

Empiric formula Na 2 S 1 O 43. A sample of a compound with a molecular mass of 88 g/mol contains the masses of C, H and O listed in the table below. What is the compound's **molecular** formula ? (6 pts)

Element	Mass(g)	Atomic weight (g/mol)	n	n/n_{min}
C	2.40	12	0.2	2
H	0.40	1	0.4	4
O	1.60	16	0.1	1

Molecular formula C 4 H 8 O 2

$$\frac{88}{44} = 2$$

Empiric MW =
 $2(12) + 4(1) + 16$
 $= 44$

4a. A student measures the masses of Cu and O in a compound and finds the values listed in the table below. What is the implied empiric formula? (5 pts)

Element	Mass (g)	Atomic weight (g/mol)	n (mol)	n/n_{min}
Cu	3.175	63.5	0.05	2
O	0.400	16.0	0.025	1

Empiric formula Cu 2 O 1

$$MW = 143$$

4b. The student claims the molecular mass of the compound he examined in 4a has a mass of 286 g/mol. Is this consistent with the data in 4a ? YES NO

Circle answer (3 pts)

____/24 includes name point

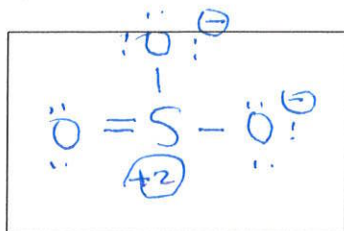
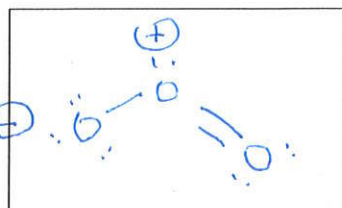
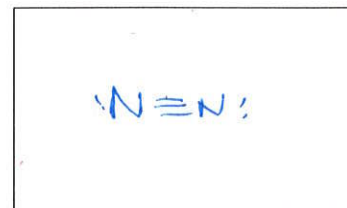
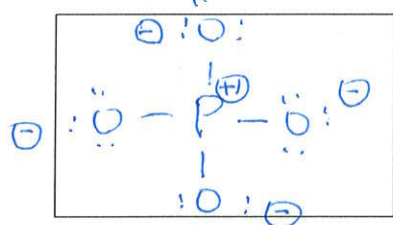
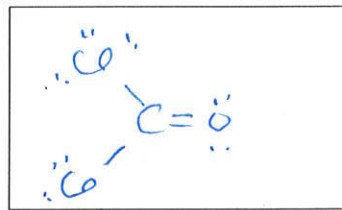
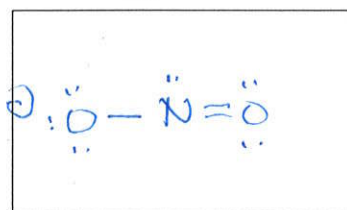
$$\frac{286}{143} = 2$$

B

3.2. Lewis Octet Rules and Formal Charge (24 points)

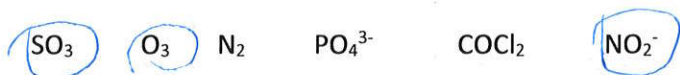
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Assuming the Lewis Octet rule is strictly obeyed, supply the Lewis structures for the molecules below. Make sure to show all lone pairs and if present, any formal charges. (4 points each/24 points total)

SO₃O₃N₂PO₄³⁻COCl₂ (C in middle;
O and Cl attached to it)NO₂⁻

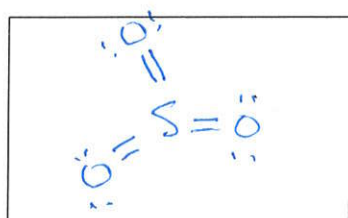
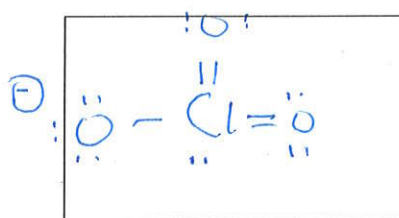
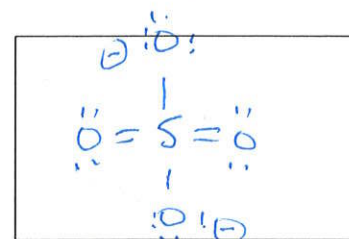
3.3. Resonance Part 1 (4 pts)

Which, if any of the structures you drew above exhibit resonance? (circle choices below)



3.4 Beyond the Octet Rule (4 pts each/12 points total)

Assuming you can break the Octet rule to satisfy the minimize formal charge rule, provide the best Lewis structures for the molecules below. Make sure to include all lone pairs and if relevant, formal charges.

SO₃ClO₃⁻SO₄²⁻

3.5 Bond Order and Resonance Part 2: 8 pts

a) Compute the Bond Order to the three molecules in 3.4: (6 pts total/2 pts each)

SO₃ 2

ClO₃⁻ 5/4 = 1.25

SO₄²⁻ 6/4 = 1.5

b) Circle any of the molecules you drew in 3.4. that exhibit resonance (2 pts)

SO₃

ClO₃⁻

SO₄²⁻

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3.6. Molecular Structure Using VSEPR Theory (2 pts each/10 pts total)

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B

Provide the likely structures of the molecules below:

CO₂ linear

PCl₅ trigonal bipyramidal

NO₂ bent

H₂O bent

NH₃ trigonal pyramidal

3.7. Liquids and Solids (16 points)

a) Name the three strongest kinds of intermolecular interactions holding liquids and solids together

1) ion. e 2) covalent 3) H-bonds

b) Order the compounds below from highest to lowest melting point (2 pt each/6 pts total)

H₂O, H₂Se, H₂Te : H₂O > H₂Te > H₂Se

CH₄, CF₄, CBr₄ : CBr₄ > CF₄ > CH₄

CO, H₂, SiO₂ : SiO₂ > CO > H₂

c) Indicate where Liquid(L), Solid(S) and Gas(G) phases exist on the diagram to the right (3 pts)

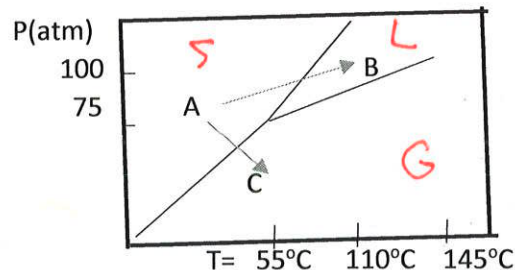
d) Name of phase change going from A → B

melting

e) Name of phase change going from A → C

f) What is the ~temperature and pressure of the critical point?

T_{crit} = 145°C P_{crit} = 100 atm (2 pts)



f) On diagram to the right, what is the melting point?

10 °C

g) Where is the boiling point? 80 °C

h) How many calories are needed to convert 2 grams of the of the material to gas? 32 calories

